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AGO ltr 29 Apr 1980 ; AGO ltr 29 Apr 1980

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

IN REPLY REFER TO

AGAM-P (M) (5 Aug 68)

FOR OT RD 682347

21 August 1968

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1968 (U)

SEE DISTRIBUTION

- Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 5b, AR 525-15. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT RD, Operational Reports Branch, within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.
- 2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure that the Army realizes current benefits from lessons learned during recent operations.
- 3. To insure that the information provided through the Lessons Learned Program is readily available on a continuous basis, a cumulative Lessons Learned Index containing alphabetical listings of items appearing in the reports is compiled and distributed periodically. Recipients of the attached report are encouraged to recommend items from it for inclusion in the Index by completing and returning the self-addressed form provided at the end of this report.

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KENNETH G. WICKHAM

Major General, USA The Adjutant General

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1st Battalion, 40th Artillery
Commandant of the Marine Corps (AO3H10)

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS 1ST BATTALION 40TH ARTILLERY
APO San Francisco 96269

AVGIA-C

10 May 1968

SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS OSFOR-65 (R1)) (U)

See Distribution

Section 1. (C) Significant Unit Activities (U)

### 1. (C) General

- a. The battalion remains assigned to the 108th Artillery Group with the following mission: General Support of 3d Marine Division, Reinforce the fires of 12th Marine Regiment, on order Direct Support of designated United States Army, United States Marine Corps, or Army of the Republic of Vietnam (ARVN) elements. At the boginning of the reporting period, the firing batteries were positioned at TRUC SON (10 215573), THON SON LAN (10 982502) and the DONG HA COMPAT BASE. On 28 March, Battery H, 3d Battalion, 12th Marines (1057-MIOIAI) was placed under the operational control (OPCON) of this battalian. From 29 March until 17 April, one firing battery cocupied various positions in the vicinity of CAMP EVANS (10 546316). From 17 April throughout the remainder of the reporting period, one firing battery was positioned at QUANG TRI (10 312544). During the reporting period, the battalion fired in support of the 3d, 4th, and 9th Marine Regiments, and the 3d Recommaissance Battalion of the 3d Marine Division, the 3d Squadron 5th Cavalry (4th US Infantry Division) the 2d Regiment (ARVN), the US Advisory Teem at CAM IO, elements of the 101st Airhorne Division, elements of the 1st Cavalry Division (Airmobile) and numerous resupply conveys.
- b. Increasingly large units of North Victnamese Army (regular) troops were active throughout QUANG TRI PROVINCE and in the Demilitarised Zone. Viot Cong activities have also continued. Enough activity was very heavy during the early part of the reporting period (the TET offensive period) with heavy mining of reads, ambush activity, and many reciest and mortar attacks on all bettery positions. US Army, US Marine and ARVN forces mounted operations up to multibattalion size and ARVN forces have been particularly agreesive in conducting operations within their areas of operations. Forward conservers from the battalion have accompanied infantry and eavalry units during many of these operations. Because there are sufficient US Marine air observers to use available aircraft time, battalion air observers did not fly during the period.

FOR 64. Gravy emphasis has been placed on the strengthening of

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primary and secondary defensive positions in the fire bases and within the battalion base cump area. Increased fortification of protective bunkers for personnal and assumition had a very high priority, while improvement of existing living quarters was continued.

- d. Staff visits and frequent informal inspections by the Battalion Commander continue to insure a high state of unit readings and adherence to overall doctrinal guidance provided by Department of the Army Field and Technical Manuals, with particular emphasis on gurnery techniques as outlined in PM 6-40.
- e. The battalion continues to use the high burst method of registration confusivaly. This technique is used in conjunction with the AN/MPQ-MA Counter Morter Radar where satisfactory observation posts are not available or when survey parties are otherwise cocquied. Registrations are conducted consumently with noterological flights and subsequent metro messages, received these times each dry, are used for computation of current met plus VE GFT settings. To check the accuracy of these settings, the counter mortar radar is used to spot rounds fired during the HAI programs.
- f. The table of organisation and equipment for this battalion was changed from TOE 6-465E to MIDE 6-466, 467, and 469G UBARPAC 1/68, on 15 April 1968.
- 2. Operations and Training Activities.
  - a. Plans. Current plans for the battalion ares
- (1) To provide artillery support in defense of DONG HA COMBAT BASE.
- (2) To be propaged to move firing batteries to any location in QUANG TRI PROVINCE.
- (3) To provide one firing battery at THON SON LAM to reinforce the fires of the US Marine Corps artillery battalion in Direct Support of that area.
- (4) To conduct training as outlined by United States Army Republic of Vietnam (USARV) training directives, with sufficient section training to insure that all units and individuals are capable of performing their missions.
- (5) To maintain administrative control over 235th, 236th, 239th, 240th, 245th, and 250th Artillery Detachments (Radar) which provide counter morter surveillance for the 12th Marine Regiment at DONG HA COMPAT BASE and the GID LINH outpost (YD213743); 1st Battalion, 11th Marines at KHE SANH (ID 843419); 1st Battalion, 12th Marines at CAMP J.J. CARROLL (YD 069555); 1st Battalion, 13th Marines near QUANG TRI (YD 31545); and the 2d Battalion 12th Marines near I. TOT BONG (YD 134646).
- (6) To conduct limited scale civil affairs operations in the villages around the DONG HA COMBAT BASE with increased

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emphasis on coordination of civil arrairs with the local (2d ARVN Regiment) host nation military commander.

### b. Operations.

- (1) The battalion has continued Direct, Reinforcing, and General artillery support. It has participated in operations Scotland, Lamoster II, Kentunky II, Saline II, California, Highrise, Rice, and Some 20 ARVN operations.
- (2) Battalion Headquarters, Headquarters Battery, and Service Battery have remained in base camp at the DONG HA COMMAT BASE. The firing batteries have spent little time at DONG HA COMMAT BASE and two have served at THON SON LAM and two at TRUC SON.
- (3) Battery A began the reporting period with a mission of reinforcing the 1st Battalien 12th Marines under OPCON of that battalion, with film howdreers at TID! SON LAN and one boutteer at DONG HA COMMAT BASE under the control of this battalion. Between 23 February and 27 February, the five howitsers at THON SON LAM were returned to DONG HA COMBAT BASE and placed under OPCON of this battalion with the mission of General Support of 3d Marine Division, Reinforcing the 12th Marine Regiment. On 19 March the battery moved to TRUC SON and assumed the mission of Direct Support 2d ARVN Regiment. On 27 March the battery returned to DONG HA COMBAT BASE. On 28 and 29 March, the battery moved to CAMP EVANS with the mission of Reinforcing ist Battalion, 32ist Artillery, 10ist Airborne Division. This mission was accomplished from many firing positions and firing was done by battery, platoon and section at separate sites. On 17 April Battery A(-) moved to QUANG TRI with four howitzers and was placed under OPCON of 3d Battalion, 12th Marines to reinforce the fires of that battalion. One platoon returned to DONG HA COMBAT BASE under operational control (OPCON) of this battalion with the mission of General Support, 3d Marine Division, Reinforcing 12th Marine Regiment.
- (4) Battory B began the reporting period at DONG HA COLLAT BASE under OPCON of this battalion with the mission of General Support of 3d Marine Division, Rednforcing 12th Marine Regiment.

  Between 23 and 27 February the battery moved five headtzers to THON SON LAM and was placed under OPCON of ist Battalion 12th Marines with a mission of rednforcing that USLE battalion. The battery remained in that status with five headtzers at THON SON LAM and one headtzer at DONG HA COMBAT BASE for the remainder of the reporting period.
- (5) Battery C started the reporting period at TRUC SON under OPCON of this battalion with the mission of Direct Support of 2nd ARVN Regiment. The battery returned to DONG HA COMEAT BASE on 19 March and assumed the mission of General Support of 3d Marine Division, Reinfording 12th Marine Regiment. On 27 March the battery went back to TRUC SON to recurse the mission of Direct Support of 2nd ARVN Regiment. The battery spent the remainder of the reporting period at TRUC SON.

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- (6) The types of missions have remained the same as previously reported. As in the last report, the battery at TRUC SON has received the most lucrative targets and the best surveillance of target effects. It has fired in close support of joint IS Marine and ARVN eperations as well as operations conducted solely by ARVN units. On 14 February 1968, Battery C was credited with 10 confirmed enemy KIA. On 11 and 12 February the battery was credited with 14 confirmed enemy KIA. On 7 March the battery was credited with 145 confirmed enemy KIA.
- (7) The firing battery at THON SON LAM continued to have the formet significant missions, firing mostly at suspect enemy positions with little or no surveillance. Increased enemy activity in the DONG HA area resulted in more lucrative targets for elements in base camp. On 2 February 1968, Battery B fired 910 rounds in support of US Advisors at CAM IO and was oredited with 51 confirmed enemy KIA. This support broke the attack of a reinforced battalion attempting to overrum the District Headquarters.
- (8) The deployment of countermorter rader detachments, which are attached to this battalion, remains the same as previously reported with the exception that the 238th and 240th detachments were exchanged to provide relief for personnel at KHE SANH. The 240th detachment was especially commended for support rendered during the sedge of KHE SANH.
- (9) The battalion was credited with 1078 enemy KIA (Confirmed) at the close of the period and had fired 470,062 rounds since 27 October 1966.

### c. Training

- (1) Training is conducted on a dail; basis with emphasis of on-the-job training.
- (2) Familiarization firing of all types of small arms continues to take place on a monthly basis.
- (3) All personnel receive periodic refresher training on perimeter defense procedures and on the employment of warning devices and obstacles. The claymore mine continues to be a weapon with which soldiers must be frequently familiarised.
- d. Chemical. The battalion chemical noncommissioned officer continues to inspect CER protective equipment and teach classes concerning operation in a CER environment. Enemy use of riot control agents in scattered incidents and the vulnerability of all battery positions to enemy rocket and artillery fires requires the presence of operational protective equipment. The modified TOE aliminates authorisation of the CER NCO and CER equipment except individual protective masks.

### 4. (C) LOGISTICS

a. Shortages of Material: A oritical shortage of Tubo,

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Pheumatic, RSN 2110-051-9450, Sise 1100:20, has developed. Tubo, Pheumatic, RSN 2610-196-7383, Sise 900:20 has been used as a substitute by this unit. The performance obtained from the substitute tubo is comparable to that of the required tube.

- b. Shortage of Parts. One howitzer was inoperative at IS Maintenance from 25 March 1968 to 7 May 1968 due to lack of a Recoil Seal, FSN 5330-618-4605 even though the part had been ordered on Red Ball Express number 8071-050.
- o. The receiver-transmitters (RT-524) and the radio (AN/VRC-46) listed as short in the previous report are still short.
- d. All radar detachments now have the two PU 107A/U generator sets which they are authorized.

### 5. (U) MEDICAL

- a. Medical Civic Action Program (MEDCAP)
- (1) A suggested practice is that of selecting a Vietnamese from the village or hamlet visited and pausing long enough for the interpreter to teach him instructions for the proper use of several basic medications such as aspirin, vitamin pills and drops, antibiotic ear drops and antihelminities. Advantages are:
- (a) The interpreter can then be used solely to take histories from patients, thus expediting the program.
- (b) The Vietnamese volunteer adds each week to his knowledge of medication and thus becomes more helpful.
- (c) The people of the village or hamlet are given a sense of identity with the project and a feeling of participation in it.
- (2) When dispensing scap on MEDCAP for the treatment of skin infections or other use, issuing half bars furnishes only enough for one week, benefits more patients, avoids waste, and decreases the likelihood of the item being sold or traded.
- (3) Misuse of medication is a frequent observation on MEDCAP. Medications issued to Vietnamese civilians should be given in no greater quantity than that sufficient to last until the next MEDCAP. Among other things, this reduces the likelihood of an overdose of medication especially in children. Also, use of non-labeled containers for medicines decreases the possibility of use of these medications by the enemy should they fall into his hands.
- b. Field Expedients. Combat troops should be made aware of the potential use of belts as tourniquets. Some obvious assets of this article of clothing are:
  - (1) Reedy availability

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- (2) Width tends to prevent tissue damage.
- (3) Large or small enough to fit any extremity,
- (4) Easy to adjust and fix tension.
- (5) Of source, as with any tourniquet, employment for the control of hemorrhage should be limited to those osses in which hemorrhage cannot be controlled by elevation of the injured part and point pressure. In this unit in two cases of traumatic limb amputation prompt use of belt tourniquets were perhaps life saving.
- c. Following minor surgery on the phalanges, the finger of a latex surgical glove makes a neat compressive dressing (oot) to cover the other bandages. This prevents both hematoms formation in and beneath suture lines and keeps dressings from immediately becoming blood scaked and soptic. Removal of the oot approximately 30 minutes later prevents tissue damage from prolonged vascular compressions.
- d. Patients mearing plaster casts or bulky bandages on extremities should be encouraged to save and use plastic bags (often issued with laundry, etc) for cast and bandage coverings whenever in rain, shower bath, or other wet places. Much unnecessary loss of time for patient and medical supplies occurs through lack of care for these protective decesings.
- e. In field units where resurply is a continuous problem an 18 (or larger) gauge needle substitutes nicely for a scapel and #11 blade when removing minor superficial foreign bodies, draining small vessibles, or incising minute pustules. This practice conserves starile incission and drainage sets for more serious problems.
- f. The fellowing system of redominisation has proved to be a practical one for field units not having ready scores to the Battalion Aid Station. Once each month, on a set day, the bottomy aid man with the field unit screens "shot cards" and sends a roster of these needing immunisations to the medical officer. Another identical roster is submitted to the Battary Commander and he, over the following month, rotates these men back to the rear area for immunisation at the Battalion Aid Station. Thus at no one time are more than a few men lost from forward fire bases. The "two-roster" system has been found necessary to insure that those needing immunisations indeed do get sent to the rear area. And though obvious, sometimes overlocked is the fact that if immunisation records are checked monthly anyone due an immunization prior to the date of the next record check should be immunized. This means that in some instances immunizations must be given as much as 30 days before actual due date; but otherwise lapses in current immunity will occur.
- g. First aid hits for forward observers, who are at times in the field without direct nedical support for 12-15 days, became a

necessity. Small improvised kits containing insect repellent, bandages, tourniquets, water purification tablets, aspirin, antidiarrheal tablets, antimalarial tablets, merthiclate, tetracycline tablets, and an improvised snake bits kit were issued. These medical supplies are packaged to fit into the universal amountion carrier which can be readily attached to the pistol belt. Fach forward observor is instructed by the surgeon concerning the use of the aid kit and is given additional first aid information prior to going into the field. Reports by the forward observors following the missions indicate the aid kits and instructions are of great help.

### 6. (C) Communication

- a. On several coossions jamming attempts have been made by the enemy. These have usually consisted of noise, random keying, and recorded Vietnamese music. To date these attempts have been unsuccessful even though the jamming attempts have lasted as long as four hours. This unit has been able to transmit through jamming without the use of directional antennae.
- b. The face guards and antonna cable connectors for the VRC-12 Series radios are very susceptible to damage. Continued emphasis on the proper care of this equipment is an absolute must. The face guards are often used as handles by inexperienced and untrained operators. In addition care must be taken when attaching cables to the radio set. They must not be forced on the radio. Due to an aggressive training program on the part of this unit, communications equipment down time has been substantially reduced. Care of the VRC-12 Series radio should be a part of all incoming personnel crientations and instruction should be by practical exercise method.

### 7. (C) Personnel

- a. Casualties resulting from hostile action. During the reporting period five (5) personnel from the battalion were killed and thirty (30) personnel of the battalion were wounded as a result of hostile action.
- b. Casualties resulting from other than hostile action. On 14 March 1968, one (1) man was killed and two were wounded as a result of a round exploding while ramming a jammed cartridge into the breach of an MiOS Howitzer. The unit had not recoived the DA MWO listed in TB 750-951-4(6 Dec 67) and investigation of the accident indicated application of this MWO would probably have prevented the accident.
- 8. (U) Artillery. The battalion is still equipped with the MiOS Self-propelled 105mm Howitzer. The M577Ai Command Post vehicle is available for the FDC of each firing battery and two are authorized for the Operations/FDC/Intelligence complex at the battalion headquarters. The battalion FDC and each battery FDC are equipped

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with one Gun Direction Computer; Mi8 and two generators for the computer. The armor protection afforded by the Mi08 and M577Ai continues to be of great value in this area where enemy artillery, rocket, and mortar attacks are frequent. The rapid traverse and high rate of fire of the howitzer continues to be invaluable in close—in emergency defense of surrounded friendly forces as was demonstrated on 2 February 1968 when the battalion fired in defense of the US Advisory Team at CAM IO.

9. Other. During the reporting period (90 days) the battalien trained on 90 days, displaced on 9 days, and conducted tactical combat operations on 90 days.

Section 2. (U) Commanders Observations and Recommendations (U)

Part I. Observations (Lessons Learned)

1. Personnel t Nome

### 2. Openetimes

- a. Item: Identification of claymore mines during hours of darkness. DISCUSSION. When two or more claymore mines are emplaced for defense of a single perimeter bunker, there may be some confusion as to which activator is connected to a particular mine. This may be especially confusing during hours of darkness.

  OESTRUCTION. When using more than one claymore mine for defense of a single perimeter bunker, place numbered luminous plates behind each claymore mine. Tag each activator for the claymore with the same number. This will result in the perimeter guards knowing the exact location of each claymore mine during the hours of darkness and knowing which activator is connected to each claymore mine.
- b. Item: Employment of the Gun Direction Computer, Mi8 (FADAC).

  DISCUSSION. The Gun Direction Computer has proved very valuable in delivering accurate initial rounds. Adjustment by observers takes less rounds due to this accuracy and less ammunition is wasted in adjustment.

  OBSERVATION. Although slower than graphical solutions for edjust fire missions, the use of the Gun Direction Computer will provide more accurate data and is thus the desirable equipment to employ, particularly when replot data is requested prior to entering fire for effect.
- o. Items Training of operators for Gun Direction Computer, M18. <u>DISCUSSION</u>, During the initial stages of using the Gun Direction Computer much non-operational time was incorrectly attributed to equipment failure. Subsequent experience proved most non-operational time to be caused by lack of operator training. <u>OPSERVATION</u>. Units employing the Gun Direction Computer should conduct continuous and well supervised operator training to avoid excessive non-operational time.

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- 3. Training and Organization: None
- 4. Intelligence: Name
- 5. Logistics.

Items Modification to Armor, Body, Fragmentation, Protective with 3/4 collar, FSN 8470-825 Series. MECHSEN. The seem located on the inside at the center base of the callar usually begins tearing after approximately four meetles were. Hand seeming of the seem will not prevent further tearing.

OBSERVATION. That either a new material which will provide for longer week be used for the exterior covering or that a different type of seem be used to prevent tearing at the center base of the collar. A separate EIR is being submitted on this item.

### Part II. Recommendations

- 1. Personnel. None
- 2. Operations. It is recommended that:
- a. Luminous identification plates be used to identify the location of claymore mines on perimeter defenses.
- b. The Gum Direction Computer, Mi8, be used for all fire missions.
- e. Units conduct continuous training for operators of the Gun Direction Computer, Mi8.
- 3. Logistics. It is recommended that:
- a. Dosign of the Armor, Body, Fragmentation, Protective with 3/4 collar, FSN 8470-823 Series by re-examined.
- b. Tube, Preumatic FSN 2610-196-7383, size 900:20 be issued as a substitute for Tube, Proumatic FSN 2110-051-9450, size 1100:20.
- 4. Medical.
  - a. MEDCAP. It is recommended that:
- (i) Vietnamese civilians, from the village or hamlet, where treatment is being given, be trained to give directions for use of common medicines.
- (2) Soap be dispensed during MEDCAP to Vietnamese civilians in half-bar quantities.
- (3) Medication be dispensed in quantity enough only to last until the next MENTAP.
- (4) Medication be dispensed in unmarked containers to assist in preventing its intended use in the event the medication

- b. Field treatment. It is recommended that the Field Medical Service School include in the POI for General Medical Officers (MOSC 3100):
- (1) All soldiers should be given instructions on how to use the web belt as a termiquet.
- (2) The finger of a latex surgical glove serves as an excellent compressive dressing (oot) to cover other bandages following minor surgery on the phalanges.
- (3) Patients should use plastis bags to cover casts as a protective measure against moisture.
- (4) Number 18 or (larger) guage needles are good substitutes for scapel and blade when removing minor superficial foreign bodies, draining small vessibles, or incising minute pustules.
- (5) A positive and detailed system of reimmunization must be established in each organization.
- (6) Special modical supplies or first aid kits must be improvised for use by small teams who will operate away from medical support for any extended period of time. The types of supplies must be modified based upon the combat environment.

### 5. Communication. It is recommended thats

- a. All service schools especially emphasize the best method for countering jamming is to attempt to work through it.
- b. All units include practical training on VRC-12 Series radios during incoming personnel training.

LAWRENCE H. D. WILLIAMS
Lioutenant Colonel, Artillery

Commanding

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AVGI-C (10 May 68) 1st Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)) (U)

Headquarters, 106th Artillery Group, APO San Francisco 96269 23 May 1968

TO: Commanding General, United States Army Vietnam, APO 96375 ATTN: AVHGC-DH

- 1. Forwarded herewith is the operational report of the 1st Battalion (105mm) (SP) 40th Artillery for the quarterly period ending 30 April 1968.
- 2. Concur in the recommendations made in Section 2 of the report.

Commanding

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AVII-AT (10 May 68) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) ) (U)

DA, HEADQUARTERS, CORPS ARTILLERY (PROVISIONAL) VIETNAM APO 96308

- TO: Commanding General, Provisional Corps Vietnam, APO 9630\$
- 1. (U) The Operational Report Lessons Learned of the lat Battalion, 40th Artillery for the quarterly period ending 30 April 1968 is forwarded herewith in compliance with PCV Reg 525-2.
- 2. (C) The following items are particularly noteworthy in this report:
- a. The use of the AN/MPQ-4 Countermortar Radar for high burst registrations and spotting rounds during HKI programs.
- b. The battalien was credited with 1078 enemy KIA (confirmed) at the close of the period. Battery C, 1st Battalion, 40th Artillery has consistently delivered outstanding fire support during the report period and has been recently cited by this headquarters.
- 3. (C) Comment on commander's recommendations:
- a. Reference item concerning identification of claymore mines during hours of darkness, page 8, paragraph 2a. This headquarters concurs that some positive means known throughout the unit should be used to identify claymore mines installed along the perimeter.
- b. Reference item concerning Gun Direction Computer M18 (FADAC) and training of operators for the same, page 9, part II, paragraph 2. This headquarters concurs that the gun direction computer can provide rapid and accurate firing data providing operators are adequately trained to operate and maintain the equipment. Concurrent with this training is the requirement to maintain manual proficiency and to provide for a secondary check of all firing data computed. This headquarters recently published a fire direction policy letter which outlines the specific sequence of double checks required in the production of firing data.
- c. Reference item concerning the design of the armor, body, fragmentation, protective with 3/4 collar, page 9, part II, paragraph 3a. Concur.
- d. Reference item concerning tube, pneumatic FSN 2610-196-7383, size 900:20 as a substitute for tube, pneumatic FSN 2110-051-9450, size 1100:20, page 9, part II, paragraph 3b. Concur.

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- AVII-AT (10 May 68) 2d Ind
  SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968
  (RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) ) (U)
  - e. Reference item concerning MEDCAP, page 9, part II, paragraph 4a. Concur. The techniques mentioned are accepted MEDCAP procedures.
  - f. Reference item concerning field treatment, page 10, part II, paragraph 4b. Concur.
  - g. Reference item concerning communications, page 10, part II, paragraph 5. Concur.

E.H. CARUTHOUSEG, USA Commanding

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AVII-GCT (10 lay 68) 3d Ind SubJuct: Operational Report for warterly Period anding 30 April 1968, RCS USFOR-65 (R1)

7 JUL 1968 DA, H., PCV, APO San Francisco 96308

TO: Come anding General, United States Army, Vietnam, APC San Francisco 96375

- 1. The inclosed CRLL, 1st En, 40th Arty, is forwarded IAV USARY Reg 525-15.
- 2. Comments on Section 2, Lessons Learned: Commander's Charrytions, Evaluations and Recom endations, are listed below.
- a. Item: Identification of claymore mines during hours of darkness, page 8, pera 2a, mage 9, para 2a, and 2d Ind, para 3a. Concur.
- b. Item: Prologment of the Gun direction Computer, 148 (FADAC), page 8, part 24, page 9, para 2b, and 2d Ind, para 3b. Concur.
- c. Item: Continuous training of operators for Cun Direction Commuter, "18, mere 8, pera 2c, page 9, para 2c, and 2d Ind, para 3b. Concur.
- d. Item: Modification of Amor, Body, Fragmentation, Protective with  $3/\mu$  collar, FSM 8470-823 series, page 9, para 5, Part II, wera 3a, and 2d Ind, para 3c. Concur with action taken by unit.
- c. Item: Tube, Fneumatic, FSC 2610-196-7387, size 900:20 be issued as a substitute for Tube, Pneumatic, FSC 2110-051-9450, size 1100:20, page 4, para 4a, page 9, para 3b, and 2d Ind, para 3d. Concur. The use of Tube 900:20 as an emergency substitute for tube 1100:20 is acceptable; however, for proper functioning the proper sized tube should be used.
- f. Item: Ledical Civic Action Program (LEDCAP), page 9, para 4a(1)-(4), and 2d Ind, para 3e. Concur, however, only enough soap and medication should be left with Victnamese civilians to provide seven day supply. This prevents enemy from seizing large quantities of these items.
  - g. Item: Field treatment, page 10, para 4b(1) (6), and 2d Ind, para 3f. Concur.
- h. Item: Communication, page 10, para 5a, and b, and 2d Ind, para 3g. Concur. FOR THE COLLEGIDER:

MAJ, AGC Asst AG

Cy furn: CG FCV Arty 00 106th Ar y Gp 00 1/40th Arty

17

AVHGC-DST (10 May 68) 4th Ind (U) CPT Arnold/dls/LBN 4485 SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)) (U)

HEADQUARTERS, US ARMY VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375 9 JUL 1968

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

- 1. This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly Period ending 30 April 1968 from Headquarters, 1st Battalion, 40th Artillery.
- 2. Concur with report as submitted.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

C. S. NAKATSUKASA Captain, AGC Assistant Adjutant General

Cy furn: HQ PCV HQ 1st En, 40th Arty GPOP-DT (10 May 68) 5th Ind (U)
SUBJECT: Operational Report of EQ, 1st Bn, 46th Arty for Period
Ending 30 April 1968, ECS CSFOR-65 (R1)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO Sen Francisco 96558 19 JUL 1968

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Ferce Development, Department of the Arry, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters has evaluated subject report and forwarding indorsements and concurs in the report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

K. F. OSBOURN

MAJ, AGC Asst AG

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<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Page # : That page on which the item of interest is located.

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